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horticultural
products

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HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS REVIEW

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EXPORT SUMMARY

U.S. exports of horticultural products during February were \$186 million, 5.5 percent above a year earlier. This marked the first time during fiscal year (FY) 1984, initiated last October, that monthly export value exceeded the corresponding period in FY 1983. Fresh vegetables and fruit juices were the key product areas responsible for the long-awaited improvement in export performance. Vegetable shipments, particularly onions, celery, broccoli, and lettuce were up markedly, while unit values also strengthened in response to recent freeze damage in Florida. The heavier vegetable movement shows up largely in exports to Canada, although Japan is a major factor this year for onions. Movement of citrus juice in February spurted as tight global supplies of orange juice intensified foreign demand for U.S. product. Total export value for all horticultural products during October 1983-February 1984 was \$1.1 billion, \$31 million below last year. Horticultural exports for entire FY 1984 are expected to reach \$2.68 billion, unchanged from FY 1983.

For further information on items in this circular, contact the Horticultural and Tropical Products Division, (202) 447-6590. All measures in this report, unless noted otherwise, are metric. One kilogram (kg)=2.2046 lbs., 1 metric ton=2,204.6 lbs., 1 liter=0.2642 gallon, and 1 hectare=2.471 acres.

MARKET ACCESS

MARKET ACCESS AND OPPORTUNITIES

--South American countries slashed their purchases of U.S. horticultural products in 1983 in response to foreign exchange shortages and increasingly restrictive import controls. U.S. exports to these countries fell from \$123 million in 1982 to only \$60 million in 1983. Most of this precipitous decline occurred in exports to Venezuela and Colombia. Exports to Venezuela totaled only \$13.6 million, less than one-fifth the value shipped a year earlier. Colombia reduced its purchases by one-third to \$13 million. Virtually all horticultural exports were adversely affected.

--Colombia has announced an "unofficial" apple import quota of 80,000 boxes per month. This quota level apparently was worked out by Colombia's apple importers in cooperation with INCOMEX (Foreign Commerce Institute). It is intended to reduce potential imports by over one-half and bring about orderly marketing. The 80,000 box monthly quota will be allocated among the importing firms as follows:

Quantity	:	Importing Firm
25,000 boxes.....		Vigomez
25,000 boxes.....		Colfrutas
13,000 boxes.....		Mercadeo Tequendama
7,000 boxes.....		Protier
5,000 boxes.....		Miras Agrícolas
5,000 boxes.....		Dakavet (Barranquilla)

In 1983, licenses were issued for about \$22 million worth of apples. Actual imports from all sources totaled only \$15 million, reflecting the importer practice of inflating license requests. The United States exported 422,000 cartons (8,034 tons) of apples valued at \$4 million to Colombia in 1982/83. Exports this season through February were off by 11 percent.

--The Commission of the European Community (EC) has eliminated the compensatory tax imposed on imports of bottled wine from the United States. This tax has been imposed on all imports except wine from countries which agreed to price their products at or above the reference (minimum import) price. Most, if not all, of the major suppliers of wine to the EC have agreed to this. The elimination of the tax on U.S. wines should help to improve access for these wines to EC markets. The tax, which was approximately 2.9 U.S. cents per liter (11 cents per gallon) in recent months, is levied on top of the customs duty which is currently equivalent to about 15 U.S. cents per liter (57¢/gal.) for wines with 13-15 percent alcohol and about 13 cents per liter (49¢/gal.) for wines with less than 13 percent alcohol.

--The Government of Spain has authorized potato imports to offset reduced production and stocks and thereby to stabilize prices. The Spanish trade estimates imports at 30,000 tons in 1984, with purchases expected to be mainly from Canada. Imports will be by private importers under government licenses.

--Regulations establishing an Arbitration Board in Canada, to mediate commercial trade disputes, have nearly cleared the legal process and are expected to be published this year.

--Canada may reexamine its policy of granting waivers for imported bulk produce from container and grade requirements mandated by the Canada's Agricultural Products Standards Act. When supplies of Canadian produce are insufficient to meet demand, these waivers can be granted to permit interprovincial movement and imports of bulk produce to take place. Over 500 requests for waivers, mostly for potatoes and apples, were received in 1983, a substantial increase over the average of recent years. Canadian officials are reportedly concerned that the high rate of requests and approvals is leading to situations where refusals are viewed as an import restriction rather than the exercising of a regulation permitting special exemptions.

--The Korean Government has announced its intention to liberalize quantitative restrictions on tomato catsup in 1985/86.

--The official suspension of import licenses for edible tree nuts into Brazil continues but some licenses were issued during 1983 on a case-by-case basis. Issuance of import licenses was suspended September 24, 1982, as a result of a rapidly deteriorating balance of payments situation. The few nuts imported are assessed very high import tariffs. These tariff rates are as follows:

Commodity	Inshell	Shelled
:-----Percent Ad Valorem-----		
Almonds.....	130	155
Filberts.....	130	155
Chestnuts.....	37	170
Walnuts.....	37	155
Pistachios.....	155	155
Other Nuts.....	155	155

The main types of nuts imported into Brazil before the imposition of the license restrictions were chestnuts, walnuts, almonds, and filberts. The United States supplied 22 percent of the 3,527 tons of inshell walnuts imported in 1982, but only a small percentage of the other nuts, according to Brazilian trade statistics. The United States exported only \$757,000 worth of tree nuts to Brazil in 1983, less than one-half the value exported a year earlier. Two-thirds of these nuts were inshell walnuts.

Tree nuts are considered luxury items in Brazil because of their high prices. They are consumed by the wealthier segment of the population, especially during the Christmas season and New Year festivities.

--West Germany has established a tolerance for ethylene dibromide (EDB) residue on food products of 10 parts per billion. This tolerance became effective March 17, 1984.

MARKET ACCESS

--Hong Kong has announced a new import duty system for selected wines and liquors. The new system requires the importer to pay a specific duty rate, as well as an ad valorem duty rate of 20 percent, while the previous system required only a specific duty (See Horticultural Products Review, March 1984.) The government took this action to reduce the budget deficit that is expected in the new financial year. To date, retail prices of wines and liquors have not increased, mainly because stocks of duty-paid wines are sufficient to meet the market demand for the next two to three months. Price increases are expected when these stocks are depleted. The new import duties are as follows:

Commodity	Specific : (HK\$/liter <u>1/</u>)	Ad Valorem
Champagne & other sparkling wines.....	27.00	20 percent
Still wines not more than 15 percent alcohol by volume.....	15.00	20 percent
Still wines above 15 percent alcohol by volume.....	18.00	20 percent
Still wines not more than 15 percent alcohol by volume imported in casks....	15.00	20 percent

1/ On February 24, 1984, 7.78 Hong Kong dollars were equivalent to \$1.00.

MARKET PROMOTION ACTIVITIES

--A special media promotion campaign for California raisins was launched in March 1984 in eight West European countries. The campaign, organized by the California Raisin Advisory Board, features television advertisements in the United Kingdom and print advertising in Belgium, the Netherlands, West Germany, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Finland. Public relations and instore promotion activities are also underway. The objective of the promotion is to reestablish California raisins in West European retail outlets. U.S. exports of raisins to Western Europe fell by 40 percent over the past two years to 15,400 metric tons in 1982/83. European Community subsidies for Greek raisins contributed to this decline.

--A U.S. foods exhibit at the Food and Food Equipment Show in Taiwan on June 26-28, 1984 will be sponsored by the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS), through the American Institute in Taiwan (AIT). This promotion of U.S. food products will be directed toward retailers, wholesalers, the hotel/restaurant trade, new-to-market firms, institutional trade, and their suppliers. The following U.S. products should be of primary interest to the food trade in Taiwan: canned and fresh fruits and vegetables, ginseng products (wild and cultivated), health food items, dried fruits and nuts, canned juices and soft drinks, snack and confectionary items, and wine for the institutional market.

FAS will accept participation agreements on a graduated first-come, first-serve basis until April 27, 1984. Participation fees must accompany the application for exhibit space. For further information contact: Levi L. Turner, Trade Exhibit Director, Export Programs Division, Room 4944-S, Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250, telephone: (202) 475-3415.

--The 1984 Harumi International Hotel and Restaurant Show in Japan was very successful for the U.S. participants. On site sales totaled \$9.5 million, and projected 12-month sales were \$91.3 million. Products receiving the greatest attention included frozen french fried potatoes, almonds, prunes, raisins, cranberry juice, frozen soups and blueberries.

COMMODITY UPDATE

--Spain's 1983 table olive crop totaled only 142,000 tons, 37 percent below the 1982 harvest because of drought conditions. About 120,000 tons were of exportable quality, compared with 160,000 tons in 1982. Growers received an estimated average price of 75.00 pesetas/kilogram for good quality table olives, well above the 50.77 pesetas paid in 1982 (153 pesetas = \$1.00). Spain's table olive stocks at the beginning of 1983 were placed at about 12,000 tons, 20 percent above a year earlier. Stocks at the beginning of 1984 were estimated at 2,000 tons.

Current export prices for pimento-stuffed Manzanillas range from \$68 to \$76.65 per fanega (44 kilograms), compared with \$64 to \$69 in 1983. Stuffed and unpitted queens for export are selling at \$96.65 and \$58.60 per fanega, respectively, compared with an average of \$70 and \$49.25, respectively, in 1983. Provisional data indicate that Spain exported 103,351 tons of table olives during 1983, 7 percent greater than 1982 shipments of 96,478 tons. The United States was the largest recipient of the 1983 exports, taking 46,329 tons, followed by Italy with 13,611; Saudi Arabia, 8,205; France, 7,118; Canada, 5,789; West Germany, 3,782; and Bulgaria with 3,269 tons.

--Table wine imports from France and Italy are not injuring or threatening to injure the American wine industry, according to a March 12 ruling of the International Trade Commission. In January, U.S. wine growers filed both countervailing and anti-dumping duty petitions on imports of French and Italian ordinary table wines. These wines account for three-fourths of all wines imported from France and Italy. (See Horticultural Products Review, March 1984 for more details on U.S. wine trade.)

--The Government of Singapore is reexamining its food production policies. The domestic production of vegetables, which now meets only one-quarter of the island republic's needs, is receiving special attention. Consideration is being given to the adoption of new technologies to increase yields. In addition, steps are being taken to reverse the decline in the land area devoted to farming which shrunk from 7,486 hectares in 1981 to 6,773 hectares in 1982. In 1983, the United States exported \$1.8 million worth of fresh vegetables to Singapore, up 37 percent from the previous year. Principal items shipped were celery, onions, garlic, and lettuce.

--The European Community has raised the countervailing charge applied to raisins imported from third countries at less than the minimum import price (MIP). Effective March 5, 1984, this charge, or penalty, was increased from 160 European Currency Units (ECU's) to 268.3 ECU's (about \$225) per metric ton. The old penalty will be imposed on shipments made before February 18 that are cleared through customs by May 17. The MIP remains unchanged at 1,120 ECU's (about \$941) per ton.

COMMODITY UPDATE

--A series of cold waves beginning March 7 swept along the Mediterranean coast of Spain, severely damaging almond and vegetable crops. Coastal temperatures averaged -1 to -3 degrees Centigrade (26 to 31 degrees Fahrenheit)--cold enough to kill almond blooms and damage sensitive vegetables such as artichokes, string beans, lettuce, and early potatoes. Trade sources speculate that as much as 50 percent of the almond crop could be lost, as well as sizable quantities of vegetables. This is the second year in a row that Spain's almond crop has been freeze damaged. No serious damage to citrus was reported. Further damage assessments will be released as they become available.

--Chilean onion exports to the United States between late December and mid March, totaled 3,621 tons. An additional 1,017 tons entered for transshipment to Canada. About 70 percent of the imports for U.S. consumption entered through Philadelphia and about 15 percent each through New York and Los Angeles. With a continuation of favorable prices, currently double last year's levels, an additional 1,000 tons of onions may be expected from Chile. In 1983, Chile shipped no onions to the United States compared with 3,247 tons in 1982. In that year shipments peaked in March, April, and May.

--The United States Court of International Trade in New York City has upheld the Department of Commerce's decision in the antidumping case against fresh winter vegetables from Mexico. The case was filed by three Florida vegetable growers' associations in 1978. In 1980, Commerce found that no dumping had occurred. The Florida growers appealed the case in 1981. In its decision the Court recognized two principles involved in the concept of dumping of fresh produce. First, due to the perishable nature of the product, economic necessity sometimes forces producers to sell their produce at less than the average cost of production. Second, such sales are justifiable if the producers can expect a full cost recovery within a reasonable period of time.

--Mexico's 1984 production of frozen strawberries is forecast at 76,900 tons, up 10 percent from last year and more than double the 1982 level. Most of the Mexican pack is destined for export, mainly to the United States and Canada. Strawberry growing reportedly has not been profitable this season in Mexico.

U.S. imports of frozen strawberries in 1982 and 1983 were as follows:

Origin	:	1982	:	1983
	:	-----Metric Tons-----		
Mexico.....	:	13,580		15,353
Poland.....	:	2,039		2,965
Chile.....	:	0		778
Others.....	:	192		198
	:			
	:			
TOTAL.....	:	15,811		19,294
	:			

Total U.S. strawberry imports were valued at \$16.8 million in 1983 compared with \$17.5 million in 1982.

KIWIFRUIT TRADE IS SET FOR DRAMATIC GROWTH

World production and exports of kiwifruit have expanded rapidly in recent years. Further spectacular growth is forecast for the rest of this decade. New Zealand leads the parade, but the United States, Italy, France, and Japan have also emerged as major producers. Other countries where kiwifruit is grown commercially include Australia, Greece, Chile, Spain, Israel and South Africa. China, the fruit's original homeland, is now planting commercial vineyards.

World kiwifruit production is likely to quadruple, reaching at least 325,000 metric tons ^{1/} by the late 1980's. Conservative projections indicate that New Zealand's outturn will exceed 200,000 tons, while California and Italy will follow with about 40,000 tons each. Japan and France will probably rank next. This spectacular growth would come from newly bearing vines already in the ground, and from improved yields from maturing vines that have already begun to produce.

KIWIFRUIT: PRODUCTION AND EXPORTS IN SELECTED COUNTRIES, 1981/82-1983/84 ^{1/}
(Metric tons)

	Production			Exports			2/
	1981/82	1982/83	1983/84	1981/82	1982/83	1983/84	
SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE							
New Zealand.....	28,000	25,300	47,500	21,746	16,338	36,429	
Australia.....	---	700	1,137	---	68	---	
Subtotal.....	---	26,000	48,637	---	16,406	36,429	
NORTHERN HEMISPHERE							
United States ^{3/}	6,260	14,061	12,701	3,000	5,700	5,700	
Italy ^{4/}	---	5,815	8,000	---	3,000	4,000	
France.....	1,700	3,300	5,100	1,600	2,120	3,600	
Japan.....	---	2,200	4,000	---	---	---	
Greece.....	258	643	800	80	100	100	
Subtotal.....	---	26,019	30,601	---	10,920	13,400	
Grand Total.....	---	52,019	79,238	---	28,326	49,829	

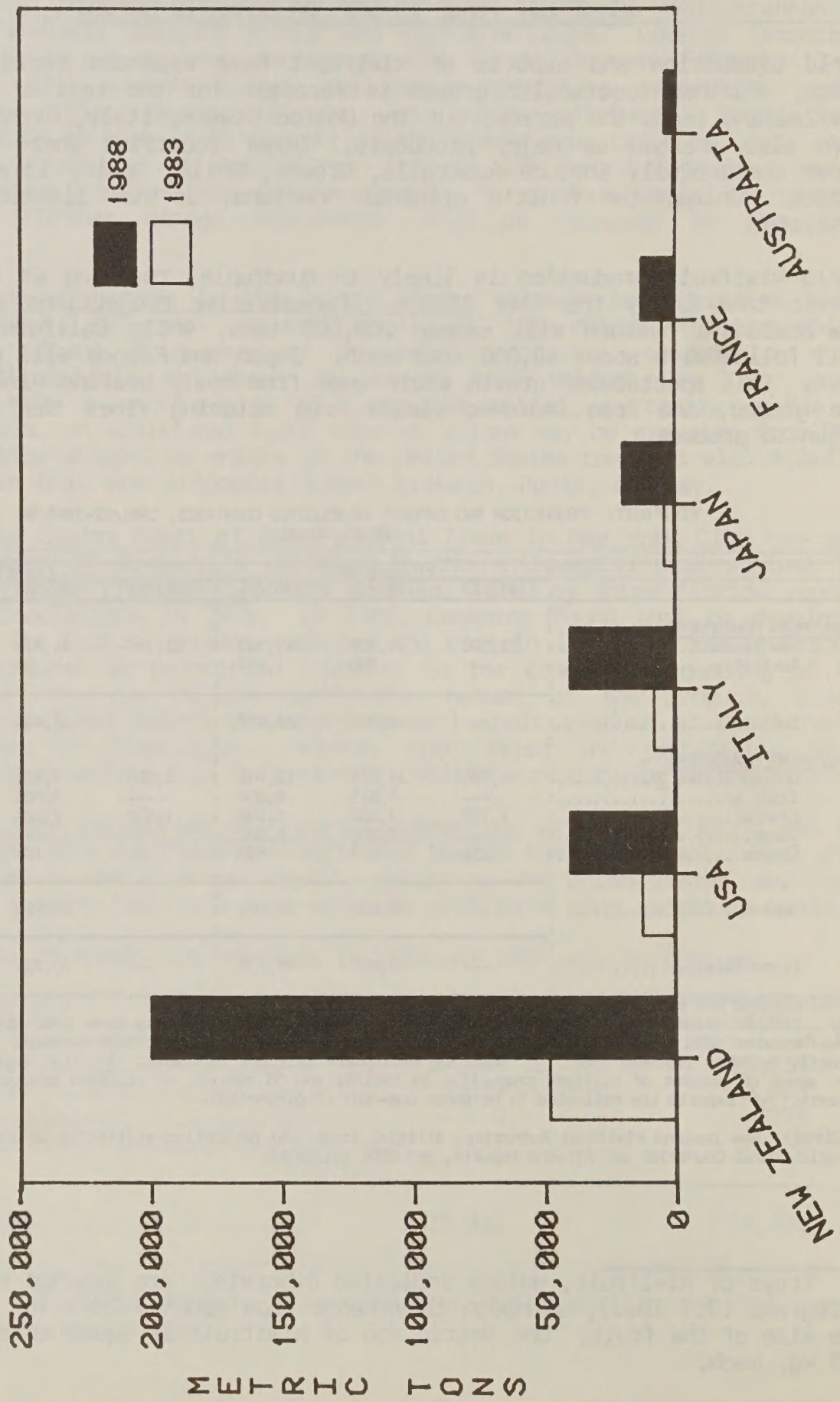
---Indicates not available, zero or less than 500 kilograms.

^{1/} 1981/82 refers to Southern Hemisphere crop harvested mostly in May-June 1981 and marketed mostly May/December 1981 plus the Northern Hemisphere crop harvested mostly October-November 1981 and marketed mostly December 1981-May 1982. ^{2/} Northern Hemisphere data are forecasts. ^{3/} U.S. exports are estimated at about 60 percent of utilized production in 1981/82 and 55 percent of utilized production in subsequent years. ^{4/} Exports are estimated to be about one-half of production.

SOURCE: New Zealand Kiwifruit Authority, official trade and production statistics of indicated countries, Agricultural Counselor and Attache reports, and USDA estimates.

^{1/} Trays of kiwifruit, unless indicated otherwise, are assumed to average 3.5 kilograms (7.7 lbs.), although they range from about 3 to 4 kg. depending on the size of the fruit. One metric ton of kiwifruit is equal to 285.7 trays of 3.5 kg. each.

KIWIFRUIT PRODUCTION 1983 AND 1988



In the Southern Hemisphere, kiwifruit is harvested primarily in May and June and is generally marketed from May through December. Some more northerly areas, such as Queensland in Australia, can begin harvesting as early as March. In the Northern Hemisphere, fruit is harvested from October through December. In many areas, marketing of the Northern Hemisphere crop does not start until December, when most of the New Zealand crop has been cleared, and extends through April and sometimes into May.

West Germany, Japan, the United States, and the Netherlands are the world's largest markets for kiwifruit. Imports in several major markets doubled in 1983, mostly because of increased availabilities from New Zealand.

In 1983, New Zealand's kiwifruit production vastly improved over the previous year's crop which was damaged by a hailstorm during harvest time. Production was estimated at 47,500 metric tons, with 37,000 tons available for export. New Zealand ships kiwifruit to over 30 countries. West Germany and Japan are the top two foreign markets, each taking 28 percent of total shipments in 1983, followed by the United States with 11 percent. Only a small percentage of New Zealand kiwifruits are shipped by air. It is projected that New Zealand could be exporting as much as 210,000 tons of kiwifruit by 1990, more than six times the current volume. New Zealand is now considering diversification into processed products, such as canned and frozen kiwis.

Production of kiwifruit in California totaled 12,701 metric tons in 1983, down 10 percent from the previous year. Planted area in 1982 totaled 2,465 hectares, of which 1,422 hectares were bearing. The California harvest runs from October through December, but much of the fruit can be found on the market until April. U.S. imports of kiwifruit, primarily from New Zealand, are available on the market throughout the summer and fall. Early arrivals are usually received by air. Most shipments from New Zealand to the United States are completed by August--82 percent in 1983. Prior to January 1984, there were no official U.S. government export statistics for kiwifruit, but trade sources indicate that these exports account for 50 to 60 percent of total sales. The primary U.S. export markets are Japan, Canada, Sweden, West Germany, United Kingdom and France.

Japan is the largest foreign market for U.S. kiwifruit. California shippers supply about one-fifth of Japan's imports, with practically all of the remainder coming from New Zealand. The major competitors for California exporters, however, are Japanese growers and not New Zealanders. Production of kiwifruit in Japan has grown from 2,200 tons in 1982 to an estimated 4,000 tons in 1983. Production is anticipated to continue to expand at an annual rate of 50 percent for the next several years, reaching a projected 20,000 tons by 1988. Domestically produced fruit is marketed in Japan from December to April which corresponds to the U.S. export season.

KIWIFRUIT

Italy now ranks as the world's third largest kiwifruit producer after New Zealand and the United States. In 1983, production totaled about 8,000 tons from a planted area of roughly 2,000 hectares. Further area expansion is anticipated over the next several years. Italian kiwifruit is finding a good market at home and in Europe. A little over 50 percent of Italian production is exported to Switzerland, Austria, West Germany, Denmark and France.

Kiwifruit production in France has continued to increase. The 1983 crop is estimated at 5,100 metric tons, up substantially from the previous year's level. Planted area is estimated to total 1,800 hectares, of which 500 were bearing in 1983. About 60 percent of the production is concentrated in Southwestern France. Production is projected to reach 10,000 tons by 1985 and 15,000 tons by 1990. About two-thirds of France's kiwifruit production is exported. In 1982/83, sales to West Germany, the Netherlands and Belgium represented 86 percent of total shipments. Other important markets were Italy, Austria, the United Kingdom, and the Scandinavian countries. French imports of kiwifruit in 1982 totaled 794 metric tons, as compared to 982 tons in 1981. Most imports were from New Zealand. The Federation of Merchants (CSOC) and the Interprofessional Kiwi Board (BIK) are attempting to organize the marketing of kiwifruit in France. The BIK also collects funds through a checkoff system which may be used for promotional activities.

Australia produced 1,050 to 1,225 tons of kiwifruit in 1983, up significantly from 700 tons in 1982. The Australian kiwifruit industry has been expanding rapidly with a large proportion of its vines not yet bearing. Planted area in 1982 was 305 hectares. Most of Australia's production is sold on the domestic market between March and July. Exports in 1982 were less than 10 percent of production. However, some export opportunities are seen, particularly in Eastern Asia. Australia's imports in 1982 were estimated at 1,085 tons, mostly from New Zealand. Some imports of U.S. fruit are made in the December-April period.

Greece has produced commercial quantities of kiwifruit since 1979, but outturn has been limited due to the age of the newly planted vines. Production in 1983 is estimated at 800 tons, up 24 percent from 1982. During the last two years, Greece exported 20-30 metric tons of fruit, mainly to the Netherlands. Greek kiwifruit in the Netherlands faces strong competition from France and Italy.

West Germany's kiwifruit imports in 1983 are estimated at about 16,000 tons, double the 1982 volume. New Zealand, the primary supplier, shipped approximately two-thirds of all arrivals, with smaller shipments coming from the United States, France and Italy. During May-December, New Zealand is by far the largest supplier, with only negligible quantities arriving from South Africa, Chile and Australia. California is the most important single supplier during the December-May winter season. Competitors during the same period include France, Italy, Spain and Greece. It is estimated that imports from the United States could be doubled at current price levels. The quality of U.S. kiwifruit is considered excellent. The most popular sizes are 36, 39, 42 and 46. The long term prospects for U.S. fruit during the winter period are considered excellent.

The Netherlands is an important importer and re-exporter of kiwifruit. The largest supplier of kiwifruit to the Netherlands is New Zealand with 65 percent of the market in 1983. New Zealand has essentially no competitors from June through the autumn months. Northern Hemisphere suppliers include California, France, Italy, Greece, and the Isle of Guernsey. For the first time, French kiwifruit is being regarded as a major competitor to California fruit. However, importers claim that the taste of the California kiwifruit is better. Much of the California fruit imported is re-exported, mainly to West Germany. Long run import prospects for kiwifruit in the Netherlands are good, with importers expecting a further growth in domestic consumption.

There is no domestic production of kiwifruit in the United Kingdom proper. However, the Isle of Guernsey began production in 1983. Production was reported at 4,500 three kilogram trays (13 tons) of which 653 trays were shipped to the United Kingdom. New Zealand, however, remains the principal supplier of the United Kingdom, with over 95 percent of all shipments.

New Zealand and the United States are the major suppliers of kiwifruit to Sweden. Other suppliers are Italy, France, Australia and Greece. It is anticipated that 1984 imports from the United States will remain about the same as last season's level. Israel is expected to come in strong on the market this year. Consumer awareness of kiwifruit is increasing, and so far demand has exceeded supply, although price is the determining factor. The Hayward variety is preferred both by consumers and importers because of its good keeping quality and appearance.

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KIWIFRUIT

KIWIFRUIT, FRESH: EXPORTS FROM NEW ZEALAND 1/

Country of Destination	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
-----Metric Tons-----							
United States.....	835	494	854	1,303	1,924	1,730	4,047
Other Countries							
Australia.....	456	396	495	572	897	1,088	1,414
Austria.....	30	85	207	565	821	886	2,247
Belgium.....	130	271	549	670	997	849	1,414
Canada.....	172	157	170	267	393	389	840
France.....	151	228	260	435	951	698	1,714
Germany, Fed. Rep. of..	1,687	2,485	6,861	5,852	7,412	4,408	10,452
Japan.....	1,681	2,394	3,326	3,341	5,432	4,126	10,297
Netherlands.....	94	339	593	269	609	418	839
Switzerland.....	61	101	138	204	323	365	487
Scandinavia <u>2/</u>	506	533	425	480	733	492	949
United Kingdom.....	52	64	199	391	652	346	858
Italy.....	0	0	0	0	312	250	602
Others.....	7	5	21	152	290	293	269
World Total.....	5,862	7,552	14,098	14,501	21,746	16,338	36,429

1/ Revised, based on 3.5 kg. (7.7 lbs.) per tray. 2/ Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Sweden.

SOURCE: New Zealand Kiwifruit Authority.

KIWIFRUIT IMPORTS IN SELECTED COUNTRIES

Country	1981	1982 <u>2/</u>	1983
-----Metric Tons-----			
West Germany.....	9,500	8,000	16,000
Japan.....	6,412	5,472	9,500
Netherlands.....	4,547	3,855	6,873
United States.....	2,057	1,878	5,384
France.....	982	794	1,800
Australia.....	875	1,085	1,400
United Kingdom.....	662	358	890
Sweden.....	632	465	720
Total.....	25,667	21,907	42,567

1/ One metric tons equals 285.7 3.5 kg. trays.

SOURCE: Official trade statistics and USDA estimates.

KIWIFRUIT, FRESH: IMPORTS INTO SWEDEN
(Metric Tons)

KIWIFRUIT

Country of Origin	1981	1982	1983 1/
New Zealand.....	518	340	395
United States.....	69	43	166
Italy.....	26	31	29
France.....	18	47	26
Australia.....	---	2	8
Other.....	1	2	6
Total.....	632	465	630
1/ January-September			

KIWIFRUIT, FRESH: IMPORTS INTO UNITED KINGDOM
(Metric Tons)

Country of Origin	1981	1982	1983
New Zealand.....	558	297	750
Others.....	11	12	15
Total.....	569	309	765

KIWIFRUIT, FRESH: IMPORTS INTO UNITED STATES
(Metric Tons)

Country of Origin	1981	1982	1983
Netherlands.....	---	6	---
Italy.....	---	7	---
Japan.....	---	5	1
Australia.....	1	1	57
New Zealand.....	2,055	1,854	5,308
Others.....	1	5	18
Total.....	2,057	1,878	5,384

KIWIFRUIT, FRESH: IMPORTS INTO JAPAN
(Metric Tons)

Country of Origin	1981	1982	1983 1/
United States.....	999	1,334	2,000
New Zealand.....	5,413	4,135	7,500
Australia.....	---	3	---
Total.....	6,412	5,472	9,500

1/ Estimated.

APPLE JUICE

CONCENTRATED APPLE JUICE

U.S. apple juice imports during 1983 rose 44 percent over the previous year's volume to 392.8 million liters (single strength, 12 degree brix equivalent). Expenditures on imported apple juice totaled \$112.1 million, an increase of 21 percent over the preceding season.

Europe's tremendous 1982/83 apple crop was the most important factor in the increase in U.S. imports. Despite increased production, European apple exports declined. (A large proportion of European imports are furnished by other European countries, particularly among European Community members). As a result, there was an estimated 86 percent increase in the amount of fresh apples destined for processing in Western Europe during the 1982/83 season.

Europe supplied over 60 percent of U.S. imported apple juice during 1983, compared with 37 percent during 1982. West Germany captured 27 percent of the market share, edging out the longstanding front runner, Argentina. U.S. imports from Argentina dropped 12 percent during the 1983 season, and that country's share of the U.S. import market fell to 25 percent, compared with 42 percent in 1982.

Argentina is expected to regain its position as the top supplier of concentrated apple juice (CAJ) to the U.S. market during 1984 because of increased production. An average of 30 percent of total Argentine fresh apple production is destined for CAJ production, although this percentage varies according to the size and quality of the crop. Argentine production of CAJ during 1983 is estimated at 30,000 tons, of which about 98 percent was exported. The United States was the principal market, and in 1983 took nearly 70 percent of the total production with most of the remainder shipped to Canada and a minor quantity to Central America. Argentine CAJ production in 1984 is projected to reach 36,000-38,000 tons.

ARGENTINE PRODUCTION OF APPLE JUICE CONCENTRATE (Metric tons) 1/

1977	22,500
1978	25,500
1979	36,000
1980	39,000
1981	27,000
1982	27,700
1983	30,000
1984	37,000

1/ One metric ton of 71 degree brix concentrate equals 195.34 gallons and is equivalent to 1,495 gallons (or 5,659 liters) of single strength juice.

SOURCE: Food News, Vol., 12, No. 7 (Feb 10, 1983), and Attache Reports.

APPLE JUICE

Because of reduced availability, Europe will be processing less apples during the 1983/84 season. The amount of apples destined for processing in Western Europe during 1983/84 is estimated at 1.25 million metric tons, compared with 1.98 million tons last season. The most dramatic reduction in processing will take place in West Germany.

West German production of apple juice fluctuates with domestic apple production. During the 1983/84 season West German CAJ output should return to a more normal level from the record achieved during 1982/83. Consequently, West German CAJ exports will decline during 1984.

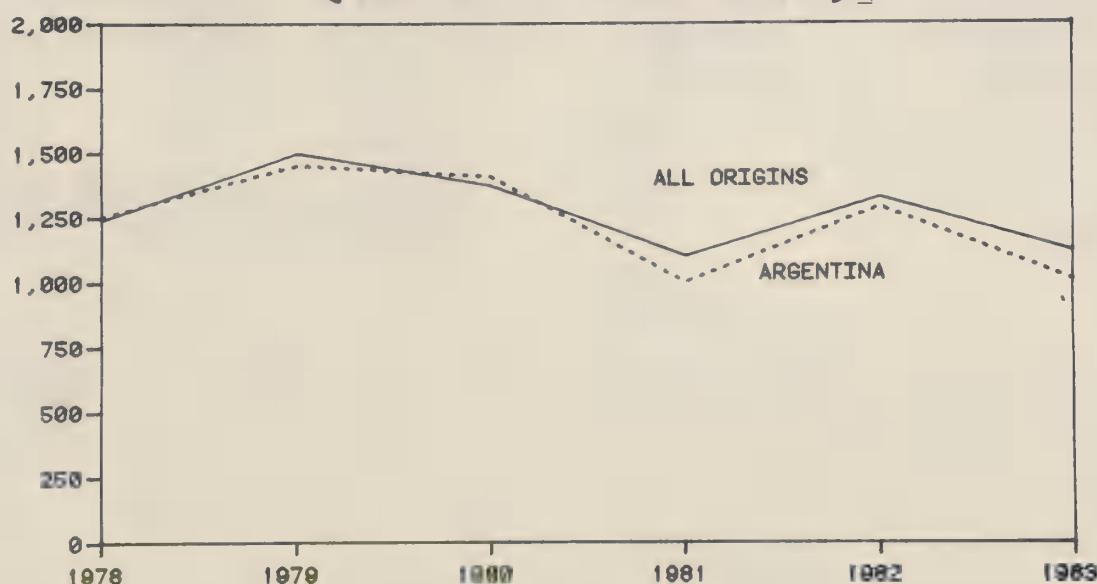
WEST GERMAN PRODUCTION OF APPLE JUICE CONCENTRATE (Metric tons)

1979/80	38,817
1980/81	46,989
1981/82	20,940
1982/83	88,306
1983/84	38,306

Source: Reports from the Agricultural Counselor.

South African CAJ production is likely to reach 15,382 tons during 1984, a 9 percent increase from the 1983 level. About 53 percent of South Africa's production was exported during 1983, principally to the United States, with a small portion going to Canada. South African CAJ exports are apparently becoming less competitive as the domestic market rises in importance. Exports during 1984 are projected to decline slightly from the 1983 level.

AVERAGE U.S. APPLE JUICE IMPORT PRICES (DOLLARS PER TON OF CONCENTRATE) ^{1/}



^{1/} Calculated from trade data of the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census which are f.o.b., point of origin.

APPLE JUICE

U.S. IMPORTS OF APPLE JUICE
(Single Strength Equivalent)

	VOLUME		VALUE	
	1982 (Liters)	1983	1982 (Dollars)	1983
GERMANY, FED. REP. OF	54,010,159	150,403,399	12,517,460	29,651,258
ARGENTINA	158,780,654	139,376,938	36,250,807	24,939,82
AUSTRIA	14,295,901	50,480,977	3,522,043	10,322,565
REP SOUTH AFRICA	41,281,066	39,485,672	9,148,190	7,994,864
NETHERLANDS	30,365,302	32,868,945	6,412,933	7,203,873
SPAIN	30,050,921	32,395,370	7,417,324	7,055,423
SWITZERLAND	763,673	21,959,464	108,870	4,126,035
FRANCE	7,375,210	21,821,846	2,319,052	3,549,934
CHILE	6,144,950	16,930,258	2,082,783	3,252,517
YUGOSLAVIA	1,410,944	8,757,893	238,877	1,470,040
TURKEY	361,897	7,727,258	68,802	1,667,969
CANADA	5,008,894	7,288,595	1,746,284	2,255,471
HUNGARY	2,341,136	6,742,622	482,100	2,168,331
PORTUGAL	3,871,737	6,539,685	933,145	1,261,586
ISRAEL	8,387,562	6,302,782	2,145,825	1,291,055
MEXICO	11,450,222	4,522,608	2,839,929	1,102,278
DENMARK	486,930	3,194,225	134,946	613,683
NEW ZEALAND	11,105,707	3,128,566	2,802,472	798,323
ITALY	530,642	1,764,393	142,119	304,119
BELGIUM-LUXEMBOURG	681,165	1,140,439	155,983	405,877
BRAZIL	834,439	915,058	216,084	162,377
INDIA	2,322,100	566,084	444,601	93,475
AUSTRALIA	664,396	249,656	138,634	78,515
GERMAN DEM. REPUBLIC	59,164	217,026	23,728	147,048
UNITED KINGDOM	168,007	106,147	39,295	49,354
POLAND	0	99,527	0	18,307
JAPAN	886	95,764	724	17,933
PERU	0	27,981	0	36,611
NORWAY	0	13,627	0	14,304
HONG KONG	0	2,767	0	1,970
THAILAND	0	666	0	640
AZORES	1,703	0	1,117	0
TOTAL WORLD	392,755,369	565,126,239	92,334,127	112,055,555

U.S. IMPORTS OF FRESH CUT FLOWERS CONTINUE TO GROW

U.S. imports of fresh cut flowers have shown continuous growth over the past 7 years. Imports rose from approximately 909 million blooms in 1977 to 1.3 billion in 1983. The primary suppliers during this period were Colombia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Guatemala, and Israel. Colombia was the most important origin for imports. Of total imports, carnations, chamaedoreas and roses were the big gainers.

In 1983, Colombia's production of flowers totaled 15 million dozen from an area of 1,320 hectares. Of the total flower outturn, carnations accounted for 65 percent; chrysanthemums, 10 percent; pompons, 6 percent; roses, 4 percent; orchids, tulips and other flowers, 11 percent. Approximately 70 percent of Colombia's flower farms, averaging some 10 hectares each, are located in the Bogota area. All flowers are reported to be grown under plastic.

Colombia's flower exports in 1983 were estimated at 13 million dozen valued at \$130 million. The United States was the main market taking 77 percent of total exports, with much of the remainder going to West Germany, 8 percent, the United Kingdom, 5 percent and Sweden with 2 percent. An overall 5-percent increase in flower exports is forecast for 1984. To avoid the imposition of countervailing import duties by the United States, the Colombian flower exporters agreed to forego as of January 13, 1983, the CAT (income tax rebate) for exports to this country. For exports to other countries, the CAT was 5 percent of the FOB export value. As of April 1, 1984 the CAT was replaced by a new system of Tax Reimbursement Certificates (CERTS), which can be used to pay taxes, import duties, sales taxes, and other fees and taxes. The CERTS for cut flower exports is 1 percent for shipments to the United States and 20 percent for all other destinations.

Since September 4, 1980, the United States has levied a countervailing duty on imports of fresh cut roses from Israel. This duty is currently 22.56 percent ad valorem, which is charged in addition to the normal 8 percent duty.

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CUT FLOWERS

U.S IMPORTS OF FRESH CUT FLOWERS BY ORIGIN
(1,000 Blooms)

Calendar Year	Colombia	Guatemala	Mexico	Netherlands	Israel	Other	Total
1977	441,808	143,187	315,609	3,217	838	4,680	909,339
1978	561,022	115,183	252,438	4,714	9,658	2,186	945,201
1979	474,063	171,177	295,318	7,547	19,940	3,277	971,322
1980	533,046	127,584	305,473	19,148	10,770	24,948	1,020,969
1981	657,454	144,042	286,392	43,003	13,533	22,660	1,167,084
1982	679,853	148,941	283,934	81,526	16,406	36,524	1,247,184
1983	787,418	107,185	257,150	118,910	16,331	46,473	1,333,467

1/ Data for 1977-79 include roses, carnations, chrysanthemums, chamaedorea, daisies, statice, orchids and tulips. Data for 1980-83 include the previously noted varieties plus gypsophila, iris, leatherleaf, lilac, freasia, gladioli, lilies and "miscellaneous varieties."

Source: Federal-State Market News Service, USDA

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U.S IMPORTS OF FRESH CUT FLOWERS BY TYPE
(1,000 Blooms)

Calendar Year	Roses	Carnations	Chrysanthemums	Chamaedorea	Daisies	Statice	Orchids	Other Ornamentals	Total
1977	10,346	284,583	159,634	431,564	12,679	7,683	1,014	1,836 1/	909,339
1978	16,447	346,134	196,185	356,235	21,311	21,365	820	2,186 1/	960,683
1979	34,965	376,511	56,889	446,730	25,951	25,053	1,207	3,916 1/	971,222
1980	44,497	388,839	60,753	399,498	28,819	34,278	1,865	62,429 2/	1,020,978
1981	71,870	498,576	66,085	333,017	31,392	31,808	3,511	130,825 2/	1,167,084
1982	90,111	507,059	79,213	319,932	36,438	36,734	5,410	172,287 2/	1,247,184
1983	120,305	584,819	88,428	243,001	34,417	35,495	7,314	219,688 2/	1,333,467

1/ Includes only tulips. 2/ Gypsophila, iris, leatherleaf, lilac, freasia, gladioli, tulips, other ornamentals, miscellaneous ferns, and lilies

Source: Federal-State Market News Service, USDA

HORTICULTURAL MARKETS

U.S. EXPORTS TO THE CARIBBEAN ISLANDS

Although the island countries in the Caribbean ^{1/} have been confronted with foreign reserve shortages and tight markets for their exports during the past two years, they have maintained the total level of purchases of horticultural products from the United States. U.S. exports totaled \$123.6 million in 1983, only slightly below the level achieved a year earlier. This is in marked contrast to the declining shipments to other countries which have faced similar economic problems. (See Market Access and Opportunities).

The food needs of the tourist trade significantly influence the level of U.S. exports to the Caribbean Islands. Tourism is a substantial industry in many of the islands, swelling the consuming populace far above the local population of 16.4 million people.

Approximately 70 percent of U.S. exports are directed to four countries--the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, the Bahamas, the British Colony of Bermuda, and the Netherlands Antilles, a group of six islands which are a territory of the Netherlands enjoying complete domestic autonomy. These countries account for only 10 percent of the population of the region but have the highest standards of living. Per capita GNP varies widely in the Caribbean, ranging from less than \$400 in Haiti to over \$6,000 in Bermuda, the Bahamas and Trinidad and Tobago.

Apples are the leading fresh produce item exported from the United States to the Caribbean Islands, followed by table grapes, lettuce, carrots, potatoes, and tomatoes. Among canned fruit and vegetable exports, fruit cocktail, baby food, canned beans, and catsup predominate. The bulk of the remaining exports consist of highly processed grocery items such as fruit juices, potato chips, and soups.

^{1/} The Caribbean Islands, as used in this report, refers to Bermuda, the Bahamas and all of the islands in the Caribbean Sea except Cuba.

CARIBBEAN

U.S. EXPORTS OF HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS TO THE
CARIBBEAN REGION, CALENDAR YEARS
(\$1,000)

Country of Destination	1982	1983
Netherlands Antilles.....	31,659	31,095
Bermuda.....	19,051	21,577
The Bahamas.....	18,571	17,943
Trinidad and Tobago.....	18,698	17,837
Leeward and Windward Islands <u>1/</u>	9,448	10,432
Dominican Republic.....	11,113	7,533
Barbados.....	3,684	5,271
Jamaica.....	4,270	4,303
Cayman Islands.....	3,497	3,782
Haiti.....	2,333	2,211
French West Indies.....	1,741	1,186
Turks and Caicos Islands.....	224	409
TOTAL.....	124,290	123,578

1/ Includes Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Grenada, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Montserrat, St. Christopher-Nevis, and British Virgin Islands.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census.

IMPORTS OF FRESH AND PROCESSED FRUIT, VEGETABLES AND
TREE NUTS BY SELECTED CARIBBEAN COUNTRIES
(\$1,000 and percents)

Country	1980	1981	1982
Trinidad and Tobago.....	54,224	60,481	65,594
U.S. share.....	(32.4)	(35.0)	(34.7)
Guadeloupe and Martinique <u>1/</u>	44,123	41,582	39,026
U.S. share.....	(14.1)	(12.3)	(9.6)
Barbados.....	12,957	---	---
U.S. share.....	(28.8)		
Bermuda.....	10,801	12,330	---
U.S. share.....	(84.1)	(84.8)	
Dominican Republic.....	9,836	5,692	4,844
U.S. share.....	(93.3)	(74.2)	(85.6)
Jamaica.....	4,367	5,163	---
U.S. share.....	(38.3)	(38.4)	

---Indicates not available.

1/ French West Indies.

U.S. HORTICULTURAL EXPORTS TO THE CARIBBEAN

COMMODITY	1982	1983	1982	1983
	Metric tons		\$1,000	
Fresh Fruit.....	15,842	13,952	12,035	10,096
Oranges.....	1,703	1,692	918	922
Other Citrus.....	579	732	416	378
Apples.....	7,868	6,349	5,362	4,397
Grapes.....	2,474	1,792	2,808	2,106
Pears.....	1,101	906	820	682
Canned Fruit.....	4,079	4,198	4,010	4,690
Cocktail.....	1,531	1,574	1,403	1,558
Baby Food.....	1,009	891	1,083	1,131
Dried Fruit.....	1,348	1,620	2,133	2,457
Raisins.....	481	534	1,092	1,060
Frozen Fruit.....	1,111	165	875	206
Fruit Juices <u>1/</u>	49,045	42,326	16,197	15,466
Citrus.....	24,863	20,908	7,990	7,353
Noncitrus.....	24,182	21,418	8,207	8,113
Fresh Vegetables.....	20,171	22,048	12,398	12,946
Carrots.....	3,446	2,221	2,281	1,519
Lettuce.....	1,998	3,374	1,098	1,551
Potatoes, Table.....	3,355	3,124	1,318	1,239
Tomatoes.....	1,421	1,426	1,292	1,093
Canned Vegetables.....	13,525	10,017	13,023	10,334
Beans.....	3,386	2,356	3,117	2,788
Catsup, Chile Sauce.....	1,530	1,388	1,302	1,238
Frozen Vegetables.....	4,819	4,830	4,703	4,343
Potatoes, French Fries....	2,007	2,413	1,352	1,832
Dehydrated Vegetables.....	1,727	650	2,259	1,237
Tree Nuts.....	2,222	1,844	5,236	4,509
Nursery Stock.....	---	---	1,673	3,104
Wine <u>1/</u>	3,494	3,306	5,281	4,912
Other.....	---	---	44,467	49,278
Blended Foods.....	7,558	11,858	12,108	19,416
Potato Chips, Sticks.....	1,369	975	3,268	2,542
TOTAL.....	---	---	124,290	123,578

1/ 1,000 liters. Juices are expressed in single-strength equivalent.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Census.

U.S. IMPORTS

U.S. IMPORTS OF SELECTED COMMODITIES, FROM SELECTED COUNTRIES CURRENT MONTH, CUMULATIVE, AND FISCAL YEAR (Units Are Metric Tons Except Where Noted)

Commodity/Country	January		Oct.-Jan.		Oct.-Sept.	Commodity/Country	January		Oct.-Jan.		Oct.-Sept.
	1983	1984	1983	1984	1982/83		1983	1984	1983	1984	1982/83
Fresh Fruit & Melons						Fresh Veggies., Con't.					
Grapefruit.....	---	338	2,031	1,127	2,071	Onions, Nec.....	10,696	13,275	17,248	28,683	82,965
Mexico.....	---	338	2,014	1,061	2,017	Mexico.....	10,473	10,160	16,626	19,574	75,421
Lemons.....	405	16	490	443	1,579	Chile.....	---	---	---	---	---
Limes.....	405	2,464	1,099	8,043	11,689	Canada.....	129	2,646	218	8,235	6,079
Mexico.....	323	2,233	323	6,781	9,224	Potatoes, Table....	11,245	12,499	40,731	42,976	125,817
Oranges.....	983	2,248	4,512	5,541	6,215	Canada.....	11,245	12,496	40,731	42,965	125,790
Mexico.....	534	1,810	3,211	4,282	3,955	Potatoes, Seed.....	3,852	2,692	6,033	4,039	32,371
Tang.-Mand.....	2,796	1,456	9,551	17,915	9,822	Canada.....	3,852	2,688	6,033	4,035	32,304
Mexico.....	2,459	1,259	8,522	16,347	8,704	Cabbage.....	485	12,445	1,635	14,392	12,941
Japan.....	232	---	915	937	915	Mexico.....	1	9,369	1	10,628	5,658
Apples.....	8,847	4,440	22,142	29,653	86,280	Canada.....	467	2,605	1,580	3,504	6,153
Chile.....	1,012	---	1,012	---	14,782	Celery.....	---	33	1,256	1,649	4,371
France.....	2,913	1,793	5,824	5,060	7,398	Canada.....	---	20	1,255	1,634	4,338
South Africa.....	---	---	---	9	11,118	Cucumbers.....	40,985	38,586	63,874	73,200	165,444
New Zealand.....	---	---	20	40	17,066	Mexico.....	39,605	34,509	61,464	68,038	156,010
Canada.....	4,906	2,616	15,145	24,474	33,676	Eggplant.....	3,150	3,019	5,022	6,049	16,662
Bananas.....	222,768	244,521	850,971	900,838	246,601	Mexico.....	3,127	2,943	4,966	5,821	16,241
Strawberries.....	324	750	1,461	1,896	2,313	Lettuce.....	1,777	2,053	2,772	3,101	9,671
Mexico.....	855	1,237	855	1,237	1,298	Mexico.....	1,635	1,924	2,309	2,647	5,238
Grapes.....	753	283	1,163	566	127,671	Canada.....	136	115	447	428	4,391
Chile.....	662	63	716	63	108,190	Peppers.....	9,985	13,742	15,017	22,202	66,372
Mexico.....	---	---	14	55	16,441	Mexico.....	9,536	13,006	13,682	20,313	62,080
Mangoes.....	237	398	974	1,129	39,605	Squash.....	11,371	9,343	19,989	18,711	51,241
Mexico.....	---	---	44	55	32,284	Mexico.....	9,536	13,006	13,682	20,313	50,995
Haiti.....	222	291	685	652	6,296	Tomatoes.....	33,457	21,497	61,051	67,028	316,909
Cantaloupes.....	1,521	3,134	3,253	5,085	75,122	Mexico.....	33,446	21,262	60,931	66,605	314,745
Mexico.....	750	949	2,148	1,844	70,175	Asparagus.....	200	234	1,277	1,844	8,642
Watermelons.....	1,149	2,842	2,577	3,287	85,459	Mexico.....	128	189	1,081	1,230	8,393
Mexico.....	1,149	2,665	2,573	3,110	85,286	Okra 2/.....	293	886	1,128	1,913	18,905
Melons, NEC.....	3,827	2,988	4,859	3,925	24,993	Mexico.....	245	798	489	1,761	17,867
Mexico.....	2,816	1,977	2,816	1,977	12,274						
Pears.....	56	90	606	737	9,638	Canned Vegetables					
Chile.....	---	---	114	---	4,330	Tomato Paste.....	5,998	6,232	22,169	26,291	69,024
Pineapples.....	6,259	3,854	17,719	14,863	68,796	Mexico.....	207	749	1,937	4,907	12,019
Mexico.....	5,886	5,802	5,886	5,802	27,761	China, Taiwan.....	49	16	319	290	9,618
Honduras.....	9,523	5,785	9,523	5,785	31,211	Tomato Sauce.....	1,151	1,289	5,990	5,261	11,583
Kiwifruit.....	6	44	355	1,258	4,519	Israel.....	952	954	5,284	3,894	8,857
						Tomatoes.....	9,279	16,026	36,630	59,258	68,810
						Italy.....	3,095	6,542	15,035	20,772	25,315
						Artichokes.....	500	613	3,053	3,217	12,898
						Spain.....	498	611	3,021	3,147	12,713
						Mushrooms.....	4,034	7,482	15,831	15,538	54,557
						China, mainland....	1,636	2,544	6,843	5,272	19,117
						Taiwan.....	1,105	2,294	6,172	5,806	20,843
						Hong Kong.....	553	566	1,594	1,347	8,005
						Korea, Rep. of....	621	1,009	763	1,040	3,734
						Pimentos.....	853	1,349	2,365	2,770	5,932
						Spain.....	853	1,349	2,364	2,735	5,857
						Dried Mushrooms					
							67	92	221	259	707
						Tree Nuts					
						Brz. Nuts, inshell..	61	57	407	634	6,844
						Brz. Nuts, shelled..	192	467	1,376	1,716	3,500
						Cashew Kernels.....	3,082	3,240	13,527	15,756	41,382
						Brazil.....	1,421	1,128	5,621	4,359	16,295
						India.....	675	1,371	2,857	8,693	15,250
						Filberts, shelled..	539	305	1,112	738	2,583
						Turkey.....	383	220	736	594	1,898
						Pistachios, inshell..	99	217	934	1,251	2,391
						Iran.....	---	170	497	1,140	1,799
						Hops					
						Germany, Fed. Rep..	1,828	1,384	3,407	2,558	6,180
							1,465	1,165	2,762	2,203	4,434
						Grape Wine, NT Fort..					
						(1,000 liters)	47,250	45,279	171,762	179,183	453,222
						Italy.....	29,892	22,906	103,965	97,017	260,818
						France.....	7,839	11,102	31,420	40,097	88,936
						Cut Flwrs(1,000units):					
						Roses.....	6,845	11,846	35,034	44,735	121,395
						Colombia.....	5,883	9,488	29,799	35,792	96,318
						Carnations.....	19,992	60,496	19,992	195,054	NSC
						Colombia.....	19,599	57,201	19,599	187,712	NSC

1/ Single strength equivalent. 2/ May include some frozen products.
NSC: Not Separately Classified prior to 1983. NEC: Not elsewhere classified

U.S. IMPORTS OF SELECTED COMMODITIES, FROM SELECTED COUNTRIES
CURRENT MONTH, CUMULATIVE, AND FISCAL YEAR
(Units Are Metric Tons Except Where Noted)

U.S. IMPORTS

Commodity/Country	February		Oct.-Feb.		Oct.-Sept.	Commodity/Country	February		Oct.-Feb.		Oct.-Sept.
	1983	1984	1983	1984	1982/83		1983	1984	1983	1984	1982/83
Fresh Fruit & Melons						Fresh Veggies., Con't.					
Grapefruit.....	21	85	2,052	1,212	2,071	Onions, Nec.....	7,281	11,390	24,529	40,073	82,965
Mexico.....	---	77	2,013	1,138	2,017	Mexico.....	6,855	8,042	23,481	27,617	75,421
Lemons.....	---	3	490	446	1,579	Chile.....	---	174	---	174	---
Limes.....	874	1,665	1,974	9,708	11,689	Canada.....	369	2,741	588	10,976	6,079
Mexico.....	685	1,288	1,008	8,070	9,224	Potatoes, Table.....	8,366	10,492	51,276	53,468	125,817
Oranges.....	286	1,560	4,798	7,101	6,215	Canada.....	8,366	10,489	49,096	53,454	125,790
Mexico.....	222	989	3,433	5,270	3,955	Potatoes, Seed.....	3,030	4,019	9,063	8,057	32,371
Tang.-Mand.....	271	451	9,822	18,367	9,822	Canada.....	3,030	4,014	9,063	8,049	32,304
Mexico.....	145	161	8,667	16,508	8,704	Cabbage.....	528	14,445	2,162	28,837	12,941
Japan.....	---	---	915	937	915	Mexico.....	1	10,080	2	20,708	5,658
Apples.....	3,038	5,788	25,180	35,440	86,280	Canada.....	510	2,442	2,090	5,946	6,153
Chile.....	---	---	1,012	---	14,782	Celery.....	---	26	1,256	1,675	4,371
France.....	1,071	686	6,895	5,746	7,398	Canada.....	---	14	1,255	1,648	4,338
South Africa.....	---	---	---	9	11,118	Cucumbers.....	23,197	34,121	87,071	107,321	165,444
New Zealand.....	---	1	20	41	17,066	Mexico.....	19,698	31,614	81,162	99,652	156,010
Canada.....	1,967	5,101	17,112	29,575	33,676	Eggplant.....	1,287	3,389	6,309	9,479	16,662
Bananas.....	222,916	195,869	1,073,887	1,096,707	246,601	Mexico.....	1,264	3,315	6,231	9,136	16,241
Strawberries.....	270	549	1,730	2,442	2,313	Lettuce.....	1,246	1,921	4,018	5,022	29,671
Mexico.....	259	475	1,114	1,712	1,298	Mexico.....	1,240	1,886	3,549	4,533	5,238
Grapes.....	2,489	1,055	3,652	1,618	127,671	Canada.....	1	25	448	454	4,391
Chile.....	2,352	968	3,068	1,030	108,190	Peppers.....	5,680	19,479	20,697	41,680	66,372
Mexico.....	---	---	14	55	16,441	Mexico.....	5,355	18,821	19,037	39,134	62,080
Mangoes.....	807	716	1,781	1,845	39,605	Squash.....	7,180	12,877	27,169	31,587	51,241
Mexico.....	305	74	549	443	32,284	Mexico.....	7,158	12,682	27,092	31,010	50,995
Haiti.....	486	603	1,170	1,255	6,296	Tomatoes.....	22,074	62,894	83,114	129,923	316,909
Cantaloupes.....	3,925	6,121	7,178	11,207	75,122	Mexico.....	22,024	62,391	82,956	128,996	314,745
Mexico.....	2,522	4,301	4,670	6,145	70,175	Asparagus.....	1,89	799	3,176	2,642	8,642
Watermelons.....	3,476	5,459	6,053	8,746	85,459	Mexico.....	1,865	783	2,947	2,013	8,393
Mexico.....	3,370	5,361	5,943	8,471	85,286	Okra 2/.....	266	841	1,393	2,754	18,905
Melons, NES.....	3,690	5,797	8,549	9,722	24,993	Mexico.....	112	752	601	2,514	17,867
Mexico.....	1,236	2,408	4,102	4,385	12,274						
Pears.....	89	86	695	823	9,638	Canned Vegetables					
Chile.....	46	19	159	19	4,330	Tomato Paste.....	6,744	5,365	28,943	31,657	69,024
Pineapples.....	4,960	4,556	22,678	19,419	68,796	Mexico.....	360	616	2,297	5,523	12,019
Mexico.....	2,009	1,256	7,895	7,058	27,761	China, Taiwan.....	1,213	42	1,533	33	9,618
Honduras.....	2,540	2,301	12,063	8,086	31,211	Tomato Sauce.....	1,054	2,353	7,044	7,614	11,583
Kiwifruit.....	---	---	355	1,258	4,519	Israel.....	935	1,673	6,218	5,567	8,857
						Tomatoes.....	8,247	12,080	44,877	71,338	68,810
						Italy.....	1,977	3,929	17,013	24,700	25,315
Canned Fruit						Artichokes.....					12,898
Mandarins.....	3,283	4,370	13,960	16,597	35,177	Spain.....					12,713
Olives.....	3,454	5,089	20,805	26,124	49,045	Mushrooms.....	4,462	5,822	20,293	21,360	54,557
Pineapples.....	15,356	8,911	80,089	48,378	204,769	China, mainland.....	1,884	1,076	8,727	6,349	19,117
Philippines.....	10,044	4,502	48,212	26,687	106,639	Taiwan.....	945	1,950	7,116	7,757	20,843
Thailand.....	3,569	2,338	20,159	10,251	69,905	Hong Kong.....	779	857	2,373	2,204	8,005
						Korea, Rep. of.....	580	588	1,343	1,628	3,734
Dried Fruit						Pimentos.....	551	1,007	2,916	3,777	5,932
Apricots.....	177	302	2,061	2,326	5,082	Spain.....	551	966	2,914	3,702	5,857
Turkey.....	144	300	1,951	2,192	4,302						
Dates, Pitted.....	827	1,114	4,139	2,920	2,494	Dried Mushrooms	62	106	284	364	707
Dates, With Pits...	327	254	1,475	4,080	7,098						
Raisins-Sultanais...	117	168	3,654	1,796	4,983	Tree Nuts					
Mexico.....	98	21	3,099	1,460	4,295	Brz. Nuts, inshell..	25	---	492	634	6,844
						Brz. Nuts, shelled..	84	310	1,460	2,026	3,500
Frozen Strawberries	697	1,159	2,701	2,314	18,424	Cashew Kernels.....	2,165	3,864	15,692	19,620	41,382
Frt. Juice(1,000 lit):						Brazil.....	1,039	787	6,660	5,146	16,295
Apple/Pear.....	41,419	50,673	217,658	260,876	542,669	India.....	389	2,510	3,246	11,203	15,250
Argentina.....	4,590	8,116	41,389	58,413	137,347	Filberts, shelled...	419	675	1,531	1,413	2,583
South Africa.....	196	991	11,783	20,856	36,101	Turkey.....	208	428	944	1,022	1,898
Germany, Fed. Rep.	19,222	14,016	63,332	66,088	142,458	Pistachios, inshell..	40	275	974	1,527	2,391
Orange, Froz. Conc.	85,293	112,621	723,138	689,565	1,479,901	Iran.....	---	275	497	1,415	1,799
Brazil.....	82,343	104,157	695,107	667,959	1,363,452						
Pineap. NT Conc....	3,174	1,803	6,891	4,833	19,088	Hops	1,755	2,067	5,162	4,625	6,180
Pineapple Conc.....	272	7,571	49,208	37,506	110,237	Germany, Fed. Rep..	1,025	1,509	3,788	3,712	4,434
Fig Paste	602	913	2,994	1,647	4,636	Grape Wine, NT Fort..					
Spain.....	358	479	2,128	766	2,886	(1,000 liters)	29,150	29,960	200,912	209,143	453,222
						Italy.....	16,906	16,551	120,871	113,568	260,818
Fresh Vegetables						France.....	5,506	6,016	36,926	46,113	88,936
Beans 2/.....	749	2,732	4,385	5,985	10,155						
Mexico.....	675	2,522	3,959	5,287	8,727	Cut Flwrs(1,000units):					
Carrots 2/.....	4,916	8,048	39,524	48,741	53,808	Roses.....	14,173	18,712	49,207	63,447	121,395
Canada.....	4,864	7,601	39,277	45,519	52,427	Colombia.....	11,539	15,367	41,338	51,158	96,318
Garlic.....	152	702	807	2,385	11,896	Carnations.....	63,107	72,018	NSC	267,073	NSC
Mexico.....	37	57	111	340	8,569	Colombia.....	61,239	69,138	NSC	256,850	NSC

1/ Single strength equivalent. 2/ May include some frozen products.
NSC: Not Separately Classified prior to 1983. NEC: Not elsewhere classified

U.S. EXPORTS

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

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HORTICULTURAL AND TROPICAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, FAS/USDA

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	FEBRUARY 1984	SEASON- 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	CHANGE FROM 1983
					FEB-BOS- FEB

ALMONDS, FRESH (NOV 1) : : : : : (IN METRIC TONS) : : PERCENT

CANADA.....	243	1,153	1,005	+40	-13
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	12	93	226	+439	+145
FRANCE.....	19	11	43	***	+28
NETHERLANDS.....	16	3	21	***	+615
UNITED KINGDOM.....	12	79	162	+147	+107
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---
FINLAND.....	---	---	1	---	---
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---
TOTAL EUROPE.....	12	93	228	+439	+145
LATIN AMERICA.....	19	29	4	-100	-87
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	2	4	12	+65	-10
HONG KONG.....	---	7	---	---	-100
JAPAN.....	97	208	309	+22	+43
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	---	1	2	***	+152
WORLD TOTAL.....	373	1,505	1,560	+42	+4

ALMONDS, SHELLED (JULY 1) :

CANADA.....	103	2,149	2,217	-10	+3
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	1,346	20,005	19,031	+15	-5
NETHERLANDS.....	88	1,393	1,396	-10	+1
FRANCE.....	121	1,298	1,099	+31	-15
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	748	3,209	2,575	+8	-23
IRELAND.....	---	10	9,524	+12	-5
ITALY.....	---	121	45	---	+353
NETHERLANDS.....	75	1,855	1,585	+52	-15
UNITED KINGDOM.....	246	2,985	3,786	+54	+27
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---
FINLAND.....	12	371	219	-94	-41
NORWAY.....	23	1,525	1,320	-41	-13
SWEDEN.....	98	2,841	1,987	-55	-30
OTHER.....	325	1,488	1,639	+7	+13
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1,805	26,333	24,196	+6	-8
LATIN AMERICA.....	44	550	355	+79	-36
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	27	69	***	+464
HONG KONG.....	5	35	68	-24	+93
JAPAN.....	836	7,202	8,713	+10	+21
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	854	5,764	5,224	-60	-5
WORLD TOTAL.....	3,647	42,050	40,871	-7	-3

ALMONDS, UNSHELLED (JULY) :

CANADA.....	---	429	294	---	-32
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	---	63	90	---	+44
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	1	---	---
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	20	56	---	+173
ITALY.....	---	18	14	---	-23
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	20	---	---
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	15	---	---	-100
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---
FINLAND.....	---	1	20	---	---
NORWAY.....	---	3	---	---	-100
SWEDEN.....	---	---	40	---	---
OTHER.....	---	1	40	---	---
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	67	190	---	+182
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	8	73	---	+3
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	2	---	+70
HONG KONG.....	---	7	6	---	-1
JAPAN.....	50	26	109	***	+329
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	133	2,114	1,297	-54	-35
WORLD TOTAL.....	133	2,712	1,971	-10	-27

MARCH 1984

HORTICULTURAL AND TROPICAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, FAS/USDA

U.S. EXPORTS

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS, MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS									
COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	1984	1983	1984	1983	1984	1983	1984	PERCENT
APRICOTS, CANNED (JUNE 1)	42	259	23	-100	-91				
CANADA.....	5	36	16	-78	-56				
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	2	1	1	-100	-100				
BELGIUM-LUX.....	2	1	1	-100	-57				
DENMARK.....	1	1	1	-100	-50				
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
GREECE.....	1	1	7	-65	-65				
ITALY.....	3	19	7	-65	-65				
NETHERLANDS.....	13	13	7	-7	-4				
UNITED KINGDOM.....	1	10	5	-100	-49				
OTHER EUROPE.....	1	14	3	-75	-75				
FINLAND.....	6	25	25	-71	-59				
SWEDEN.....	5	220	14	-55	-94				
TOTAL EUROPE.....	2	51	8	-74	-64				
LATIN AMERICA.....	2	27	14	-218	-65				
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	1	35	49	-100	-49				
HONG KONG.....	4	245	119	-68	-51				
JAPAN.....	5	897	251	-79	-72				
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	12								
WORLD TOTAL.....	957	746	5,160	-22	-47				
MIXTURES 2> FRUIT, PREP/PRES:	523	523	872	-50	-75				
CANADA.....	29	539	63	-100	-85				
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	15	22	22	-100	-100				
BELGIUM-LUX.....	23	23	141	-94	-84				
DENMARK.....	405	2,541	141	-94	-84				
FRANCE.....	3	14	15	-100	-100				
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	13	537	537	-65	-65				
GREECE.....	24	590	94	-90	-49				
ITALY.....	16	186	88	-100	-75				
NETHERLANDS.....	7	352	122	-79	-66				
OTHER EUROPE.....	44	868	487	-264	-62				
FINLAND.....	42	1,294	147	-100	-84				
NORWAY.....	68	907	1,716	-69	-77				
SWEDEN.....	684	7,344	947	-188	-25				
TOTAL EUROPE.....	75	1,857	1,188	-3	-11				
LATIN AMERICA.....	61	1,069	1,744	-76	-16				
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	102	2,087	1,744	-76	-16				
HONG KONG.....	24	2,087	1,744	-76	-16				
JAPAN.....	50	2,034	5,037	-78	-15				
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	121	558	18,326	-47	-36				
WORLD TOTAL.....	2,705	28,761	18,326	-47	-36				
PEACHES, CANNED (JUNE 1).....	867	8,633	4,740	-32	-45				
CANADA.....	777	4,953	913	-100	-81				
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	4	311	27	-100	-91				
BELGIUM-LUX.....	1	13	51	-100	-299				
DENMARK.....	725	4,293	684	-100	-84				
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
GREECE.....	15	15	136	-100	-22				
ITALY.....	47	184	13	-64	-64				
NETHERLANDS.....	2	37	54	-100	-29				
UNITED KINGDOM.....	1	77	47	-100	-92				
OTHER EUROPE.....	7	556	239	-7	-57				
FINLAND.....	44	556	28	-100	-87				
NORWAY.....	54	556	1,281	-93	-80				
SWEDEN.....	6	6,254	613	-10	-65				
TOTAL EUROPE.....	888	95	1,026	-39	-43				
LATIN AMERICA.....	95	1,026	3,203	-99	-43				
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	7	11	2,492	-66	-12				
HONG KONG.....	46	30	12,702	-66	-51				
JAPAN.....	474	6							
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	355	122							
WORLD TOTAL.....	2,731	25,778							
PEARS, CANNED (JUNE 1)	45	303	18	-60	-20				
CANADA.....	31	161	78	-100	-52				
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	3	7	3	-60	-60				
BELGIUM-LUX.....	5	4	5	-100	-100				
DENMARK.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
GREECE.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
ITALY.....	35	98	69	-100	-30				
NETHERLANDS.....	1	17	1	-95	-95				
UNITED KINGDOM.....	5	35	10	-100	-73				
OTHER EUROPE.....	3	71	19	-100	-73				
FINLAND.....	7	35	19	-100	-73				
NORWAY.....	35	35	123	-100	-75				
SWEDEN.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
TOTAL EUROPE.....	42	309	67	-74	-56				
LATIN AMERICA.....	7	162	61	-93	-7				
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	5	57	33	-100	-66				
HONG KONG.....	1	12	42	-100	-3				
JAPAN.....	40	713	452	-11	-37				
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	150	1,620	1,001	-57	-39				
WORLD TOTAL.....	870	974	5,820	-5	-187				
PINEAPPLE, CANNED (JUNE 1).....	4	722	74	-93	-46				
CANADA.....	4	74	46	-26	-85				
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	104	25	331	-93	-292				
BELGIUM-LUX.....	549	369	1,447	-62	-105				
DENMARK.....	69	411	513	-25	-345				
FRANCE.....	62	62	19	-100	-70				
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	86	86	86	-100	-70				
GREECE.....	3	46	46	-100	-70				
ITALY.....	8	294	294	-100	-70				
NETHERLANDS.....	15	93	552	-6	-491				
OTHER EUROPE.....	19	736	3,612	-24	-245				
FINLAND.....	10	1	133	-94	-21				
NORWAY.....	3	9	158	-154	-4				
SWEDEN.....	1	7	12	-100	-74				
TOTAL EUROPE.....	14	126	528	-777	-355				
LATIN AMERICA.....	31	254	242	-68	-5				
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	949	1,857	10,394	-96	-35				
HONG KONG.....	28	396	546	-55	-38				
JAPAN.....	575	575	79	-94	-94				
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	1	1	1	-100	-100				
WORLD TOTAL.....	16	670	76	-11	-335				
CHERRIES, SWEET & TART, CND.....	2	85	7	-229	-229				
CANADA.....	2	2	2	-100	-100				
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	2	51	6	-100	-100				
BELGIUM-LUX.....	2	1,405	92	-93	-93				
DENMARK.....	1	42	34	-87	-23				
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	1	54	54	-100	-100				
GREECE.....	3	15	501	-248	-4				
ITALY.....	15	51	266	-47	-35				
NETHERLANDS.....	29	197	1,489	-51	-45				
UNITED KINGDOM.....	75	113	2,695	-7	-7				
OTHER EUROPE.....	2	6	6	-100	-100				
FINLAND.....	2	51	92	-93	-93				
NORWAY.....	2	1,405	92	-93	-93				
SWEDEN.....	2	139	42	-87	-23				
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1	42	34	-87	-23				
LATIN AMERICA.....	1	54	54	-100	-100				
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	3	15	501	-248	-4				
HONG KONG.....	15	51	266	-47	-35				
JAPAN.....	29	197	1,489	-51	-45				
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	75	113	2,695	-7	-7				
WORLD TOTAL.....	2	6	6	-100	-100				

MARCH 1984

HORTICULTURAL AND TROPICAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, FAS/USDA

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	FEBRUARY 1984	SEASON- 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	CHANGE FROM 1983

----- (IN METRIC TONS) -----

TOMATOES, WHOLE, CND (JULY 1)	228	291	4,453	3,105	+28	-30
CANADA.....	1	1	16	5	-100	-65
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	1	1	14	4	-100	-96
BELGIUM-LUX.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
DENMARK.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
ITALY.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
UNITED KINGDOM.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
OTHER EUROPE.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
LATIN AMERICA.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	2	10	208	176	+12	-15
HONG KONG.....	2	2	67	120	-34	+78
JAPAN.....	44	75	42	193	-364	+364
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	277	394	558	499	+70	-11
WORLD TOTAL.....	577	729	5,352	4,396	+35	-13
TOMATO PASTE & PULP, CANNED.....	346	346	6,840	6,486	-40	-5
CANADA.....	2	2	31	22	9	-20
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	2	2	16	16	0	0
BELGIUM-LUX.....	2	2	3	3	0	0
DENMARK.....	2	2	14	14	0	0
ITALY.....	2	2	1	1	1	-100
NETHERLANDS.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
OTHER EUROPE.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
SWEDEN.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
OTHER.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1	1	1	1	0	0
LATIN AMERICA.....	18	18	53	63	-10	+18
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	19	16	523	205	-14	-61
HONG KONG.....	32	32	112	112	0	0
JAPAN.....	101	57	446	357	89	-20
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	729	481	584	101	394	-44
WORLD TOTAL.....	1,732	1,114	8,570	7,659	+34	-11

CORN, CANNED (AUG 1)	43	243	493	808	+461	+64
CANADA.....	1,732	1,114	11,803	16,836	-36	+43
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	18	22	254	653	-23	+157
BELGIUM-LUX.....	18	18	139	212	-100	+53
DENMARK.....	1,042	451	4,276	4,210	-57	-2
FRANCE.....	379	472	3,768	5,538	-25	+47
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	32	32	23	19	13	-16
GREECE.....	32	32	40	182	-150	+355
IRELAND.....	41	3	147	57	84	-61
ITALY.....	108	19	533	341	-82	-35
NETHERLANDS.....	126	114	2,623	5,625	-10	+114
UNITED KINGDOM.....	15	4	39	25	14	-35
FINLAND.....	2	74	197	112	+111	-43
NORWAY.....	112	74	779	828	-34	+6
OTHER.....	540	89	2,911	2,362	-549	+19
TOTAL EUROPE.....	2,400	1,280	15,729	20,161	-47	+28
LATIN AMERICA.....	24	45	435	271	+86	-35
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	19	19	335	252	-2	-25
HONG KONG.....	107	392	1,077	1,189	-266	+10
JAPAN.....	1,491	1,031	11,531	11,767	-31	+2
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	1,547	325	4,766	3,187	-79	-33
WORLD TOTAL.....	5,632	3,336	36,355	37,635	-41	+10

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	FEBRUARY 1984	SEASON- 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	CHANGE FROM 1983

----- (IN METRIC TONS) -----

CHERRIES, MARACHINO, CANNED (JULY 1)	10	144	109	***	-24	
CANADA.....	12	44	53	+62	+21	
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	11	5	23	***	+349	
BELGIUM-LUX.....	1	2	8	***	+374	
DENMARK.....	1	5	7	***	+33	
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	4	28	8	-100	-72	
GREECE.....	4	4	3	-100	-12	
ITALY.....	4	1	4	***	+447	
NETHERLANDS.....	4	4	4	***	+100	
FINLAND.....	4	23	19	***	-15	
OTHER.....	4	1	73	+115	-33	
TOTAL EUROPE.....	15	109	73	+115	-33	
LATIN AMERICA.....	12	112	76	+183	-32	
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	7	12	57	-68	-21	
HONG KONG.....	32	165	238	-29	+45	
JAPAN.....	66	614	552	-40	-10	
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	125	1,262	1,137	-16	-10	
WORLD TOTAL.....	2,440	11,285	10,637	-12	-5	
POTATOES, FRESH (OCT 1)	2,440	11,285	10,637	-12	-5	
CANADA.....	18	154	67	***	-55	
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	18	38	28	***	-26	
BELGIUM-LUX.....	18	191	95	***	-50	
DENMARK.....	11	365	2,078	***	+470	
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	225	1,289	1,817	+274	+41	
HONG KONG.....	92	65	243	-100	+77	
JAPAN.....	5	342	273	-95	-20	
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	2,773	13,535	15,143	+18	+12	
WORLD TOTAL.....	3,498	17,267	25,773	+42	+49	
ONIONS, FRESH (OCT 1)	3,498	17,267	25,773	+42	+49	
CANADA.....	454	27	154	-94	-70	
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	38	38	1	-100	-100	
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	416	575	153	-93	-73	
UNITED KINGDOM.....	454	27	154	-94	-75	
OTHER.....	454	27	154	-94	-75	
TOTAL EUROPE.....	77	54	2,227	-30	+22	
LATIN AMERICA.....	38	139	686	+268	+7	
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	109	19	2,431	-82	-8	
HONG KONG.....	75	3,287	1,732	***	+638	
JAPAN.....	8	1,204	2,565	+603	+113	
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	4,259	8,561	4,618	+101	+80	
WORLD TOTAL.....	15	13	339	-17	+10	
ASPARAGUS, CANNED (APRIL 1)	1	9	18	-100	+110	
CANADA.....	1	9	6	***	***	
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	1	9	1	***	***	
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	1	9	1	***	***	
GREECE.....	1	9	1	***	***	
ITALY.....	1	9	1	***	***	
NETHERLANDS.....	1	9	1	***	***	
UNITED KINGDOM.....	1	9	1	***	***	
FINLAND.....	1	9	1	***	***	
NORWAY.....	1	9	1	***	***	
OTHER.....	1	9	1	***	***	
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1	9	1	***	***	
LATIN AMERICA.....	1	9	1	***	***	
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	1	9	1	***	***	
HONG KONG.....	1	9	1	***	***	
JAPAN.....	1	9	1	***	***	
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	1	9	1	***	***	
WORLD TOTAL.....	1	9	1	***	***	

SPINACH, FRESH (OCT 1)	15	13	339	-17	+10	
CANADA.....	1	9	18	-100	+110	
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	1	9	6	***	***	
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	1	9	1	***	***	
GREECE.....	1	9	1	***	***	
ITALY.....	1	9	1	***	***	
NETHERLANDS.....	1	9	1	***	***	
UNITED KINGDOM.....	1	9	1	***	***	
FINLAND.....	1	9	1	***	***	
NORWAY.....	1	9	1	***	***	
OTHER.....	1	9	1	***	***	
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1	9	1	***	***	
LATIN AMERICA.....	1	9	1	***	***	
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	1	9	1	***	***	
HONG KONG.....	1	9	1	***	***	
JAPAN.....	1	9	1	***	***	
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	1	9	1	***	***	
WORLD TOTAL.....	1	9	1	***	***	

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

HORTICULTURAL AND TROPICAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, FAS/USDA

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONSSELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	1984	FEBRUARY 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	SEASON- 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	FROM 1983 : FROM 1983	CHANGE : FROM 1983
PRUNES (AUG1).....	141	174	1,868	1,522	+23	-18		
CANADA.....	1,639	1,425	13,189	13,523	-13	+3		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	54	35	471	436	-36	+7		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	52	31	752	926	-40	+23		
DENMARK.....	58	114	630	1,330	-97	+111		
FRANCE.....	313	224	2,522	2,800	-28	+11		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	32	33	155	237	+3	+53		
GREECE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	22	22	49	237	---	---		
ITALY.....	845	743	5,638	4,297	-12	-24		
NETHERLANDS.....	48	104	855	1,513	+117	+77		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	238	120	2,119	1,963	-50	-7		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	42	---	1,947	2,062	-100	+6		
NORWAY.....	108	92	1,203	1,076	-15	-11		
SWEDEN.....	134	222	1,756	1,624	-66	-8		
OTHER.....	256	134	2,416	2,710	-47	+2		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	2,179	1,873	20,310	20,995	-14	+3		
LATIN AMERICA.....	41	6	1,611	916	-65	-43		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	16	1	273	498	-93	-82		
JAPAN.....	11	2	70	291	-79	+316		
HONG KONG.....	453	424	5,336	4,732	-7	-11		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	203	135	2,837	2,179	-34	-23		
WORLD TOTAL.....	3,044	2,615	32,307	31,133	-14	-4		
RAISINS (AUG1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	343	219	4,426	3,115	-36	-30		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	61	33	5,223	6,896	-24	+32		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	33	55	452	689	-66	+53		
DENMARK.....	137	86	399	1,274	-38	+47		
FRANCE.....	38	2	387	387	-94	-43		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	159	288	1,805	1,648	-81	-9		
IRELAND.....	17	10	117	42	-40	+147		
NETHERLANDS.....	181	94	695	1,145	-48	+65		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	348	156	989	1,711	-55	+73		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	48	41	570	1,449	-15	+154		
NORWAY.....	23	85	556	995	-266	+79		
SWEDEN.....	61	29	2,067	2,661	-52	+29		
OTHER.....	82	33	477	480	-60	+1		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1,126	878	8,892	12,482	-22	+40		
LATIN AMERICA.....	43	35	2,133	1,331	-19	-38		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	6	6	231	398	-3	+73		
HONG KONG.....	104	51	279	380	-51	+35		
JAPAN.....	1,210	2,210	6,590	8,492	-83	+23		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	907	746	5,611	5,963	-18	+5		
WORLD TOTAL.....	3,741	4,145	28,167	32,161	-11	+14		
ORANGE OIL (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	3	11	6	---	-44		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	31	142	217	244	-357	+13		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	4	3	8	7	-13	-17		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	2	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	4	25	58	48	-34	-17		
GREECE.....	2	2	2	2	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	7	---	8	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	1	3	102	125	-368	+22		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	1	37	20	42	---	+114		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	1	1	1	---	+97		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	-64		
OTHER.....	2	54	27	200	---	+633		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	34	197	246	446	-487	+81		
LATIN AMERICA.....	27	20	137	127	-26	-7		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	5	33	33	---	---	-100		
JAPAN.....	171	25	171	97	-100	-98		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	19	17	40	54	-11	+37		
WORLD TOTAL.....	138	261	639	731	-89	+14		
LEMON OIL (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	1	8	38	1	---	---		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NORWAY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
JAPAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
WORLD TOTAL.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ORANGE (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NORWAY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
JAPAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
WORLD TOTAL.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
RAISINS (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NORWAY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
JAPAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
WORLD TOTAL.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
RAISINS (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NORWAY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
JAPAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
WORLD TOTAL.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
RAISINS (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NORWAY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
JAPAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
WORLD TOTAL.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
RAISINS (NOV 1).....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
CANADA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BELGIUM-LUX.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
DENMARK.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FRANCE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
IRELAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
ITALY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NETHERLANDS.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
UNITED KINGDOM.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
FINLAND.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
NORWAY.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
SWEDEN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
OTHER.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
TOTAL EUROPE.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
LATIN AMERICA.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
HONG KONG.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		
JAPAN.....	---	---	---	---	---	---		

U.S. EXPORTS

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	1984	SEASON- 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	CHANGE FROM 1983	PERCENT FEB:80S- FEB
CONCENTRATED JUICES						
ORANGE, HOT-PACK (NOV 1)						
CANADA.....	25,116	16,680	186,151	120,586	-34	-35
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	25,918	105,081	446,006	267,476	+305	-40
BELGIUM-LUX.....		1,400	34,056	6,733	***	-40
DENMARK.....			18,457	20,120	***	***
FRANCE.....	2,160	4,680	7,363	7,363	+117	+70
GERMANY, FED. REP.....			196,273	21,750	***	-89
GREECE.....				600	***	***
IRELAND.....			52,520	103,315	***	+97
NETHERLANDS.....	20,008		55,321	2,315	-100	-95
UNITED KINGDOM.....	3,750	47,586	85,057	105,280	***	+24
OTHER EUROPE.....						
NORWAY.....				18,720	***	***
SWEDEN.....			57,628	***	***	-100
OTHER.....	7,200		123,052	10,688	-100	-91
TOTAL EUROPE.....	33,118	105,081	626,684	296,884	+217	-53
LATIN AMERICA.....	1,800		7,029	8,616	-64	+23
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	5,122	33,611	65,644	63,088	+56	-4
HONG KONG.....	55,082	6,384	128,534	82,122	-88	-35
JAPAN.....	2,879	12,768	2,879	39,449	+343	***
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	68,977	76,809	64,228	44,481	+11	-38
WORLD TOTAL.....	192,094	251,978	1,665,149	1,025,226	+31	-38
GRAPES-FRUIT JUICE, CONC NOV 1:						
CANADA.....	42,504	28,203	141,221	128,616	-34	-9
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	42,504	9,626	35,121	24,878	-44	-25
BELGIUM-LUX.....				1,872	***	***
FRANCE.....			17,871	780	***	-100
GERMANY, FED. REP.....				22,226	-44	+23
NETHERLANDS.....	17,250	9,626	17,250		***	***
OTHER EUROPE.....						
OTHER.....	5,070		65,055	13,858	-100	-76
TOTAL EUROPE.....	22,320	9,626	100,176	38,736	-57	-61
LATIN AMERICA.....			550	353	***	-36
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	303	2,294	31,641	21,562	+657	-32
HONG KONG.....	5,616		7,661	***	-100	-100
JAPAN.....			13,654	25,920	***	+90
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	72,000	2,697	85,558	29,650	-96	-55
WORLD TOTAL.....	142,743	42,820	380,461	244,837	-70	-35
GRAPES-FRUIT, FROZEN (NOV 1):						
CANADA.....	336,503	500,283	983,012	1,106,125	+49	+13
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	405,871	170,954	883,473	684,806	-58	-22
BELGIUM-LUX.....	646		646	***	-100	-100
DENMARK.....				13,600	***	***
FRANCE.....	3,375	1,800	14,298	8,376	-47	-41
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	103,432	92,104	416,698	324,630	-11	-22
NETHERLANDS.....	289,932		411,036	55,671	-100	-86
UNITED KINGDOM.....	8,486	77,050	40,796	282,529	+808	+593
OTHER EUROPE.....						
FINLAND.....				134,186	***	***
NORWAY.....			26,838	26,837	***	***
SWEDEN.....			931	46,262	***	***
OTHER.....	2,412	46,694	43,261	109,351	***	+153
TOTAL EUROPE.....	408,283	234,310	954,503	1,001,442	-43	+5
LATIN AMERICA.....	20,346	35,128	42,236	71,501	+73	+69
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	346	450	17,773	8,311	+30	-52
HONG KONG.....			1,940	17,442	***	+793
JAPAN.....	608,569	93,004	241,228	525,540	-85	-38
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	9,150	1,237	27,029	90,509	-86	+235
WORLD TOTAL.....	1,383,197	864,412	2,867,721	2,820,870	-38	-2
MARCH 1984						

SELECTED HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS: QUANTITY OF U.S. EXPORTS,
MARCH AND SEASON-MARCH 1984, WITH COMPARISONS

COMMODITY/COUNTRY AND BEGINNING OF SEASON	1983	1984	SEASON- 1983	FEBRUARY 1984	CHANGE FROM 1983	PERCENT FEB:80S- FEB
ORANGE, FROZEN (NOV 1)						
CANADA.....	2,748,976	4,583,049	10,220,648	13,247,573	+67	+30
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	1,168,139	1,167,990	3,972,193	3,463,444	***	-9
BELGIUM-LUX.....	33,438	19,086	140,428	147,479	-43	+5
DENMARK.....	7,4400		74,400	***	***	-100
FRANCE.....	335,325	76,920	560,525	398,597	-77	-29
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	131,706	269,814	1,445,620	1,056,026	+105	+27
GREECE.....				444	***	***
IRELAND.....		25,048	27,280	***	***	-93
NETHERLANDS.....	465,143	594,163	102,000	25,048	***	-75
UNITED KINGDOM.....	128,127	182,959	1,424,905	1,454,007	+28	+17
OTHER EUROPE.....				556,813	+43	+47
FINLAND.....			24,480	24,480	***	***
NORWAY.....	177,751	134,706	399,959	399,959	-24	-26
SWEDEN.....	105,532	107,226	825,062	388,701	+2	-53
OTHER.....	95,453	229,044	513,174	637,348	+140	+24
TOTAL EUROPE.....	1,546,935	1,638,968	5,871,730	5,088,872	+6	-13
LATIN AMERICA.....	25,982	295,993	301,866	673,562	***	+123
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	30,031	136,069	347,734	868,169	+353	+150
HONG KONG.....	31,122	58,081	173,444	317,857	+87	+83
JAPAN.....	8,588	8,072	17,176	76,654	-6	-323
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	222,605	592,637	2,624,616	3,489,128	+166	+48
WORLD TOTAL.....	4,614,139	7,312,859	19,557,214	24,155,795	+58	+24
PINEAPPLE JUICE, CONC JUNE 1:						
CANADA.....				27,854	***	***
TOTAL EC-TEN.....				156,128	***	***
BELGIUM-LUX.....	17,620	35,640	***	31,445	+100	-8
FRANCE.....				35,640	***	-12
GERMANY, FED. REP.....				80,028	***	-33
NETHERLANDS.....	17,820	35,640	***	53,460	***	+33
OTHER EUROPE.....						
OTHER.....				1,250	***	-100
TOTAL EUROPE.....				170,378	***	-4
LATIN AMERICA.....				156,185	+100	-4
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	6,200	2,250	82,935	99,762	***	+20
HONG KONG.....			23,325	68,226	***	-5
JAPAN.....			19,350	***	***	-100
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	4,050	***	35,326	90,725	-100	-73
WORLD TOTAL.....	28,070	61,215	707,891	791,097	+118	+12
WINES, FROM FRESH GRAPES JAN:						
CANADA.....	357,673	199,689	677,425	477,304	-44	-30
TOTAL EC-TEN.....	66,485	125,200	110,497	216,566	+83	+96
BELGIUM-LUX.....	11,223	21,037	13,363	27,337	+87	+105
DENMARK.....	680	***	680	478	-100	-30
FRANCE.....	4,869	3,134	4,869	6,172	-36	+27
GERMANY, FED. REP.....	***	15,290	22,379	30,994	***	+38
IRELAND.....	5,985	***	5,985	***	***	***
NETHERLANDS.....	394	***	2,231	***	-100	-100
UNITED KINGDOM.....	45,334	85,739	60,990	151,685	+89	+149
OTHER EUROPE.....						
FINLAND.....				3,243	***	***
NORWAY.....	624	2,789	***	***	***	***
SWEDEN.....	***	1,973	2,430	2,507	***	+3
OTHER.....	14,950	13,388	15,592	14,570	-10	-7
TOTAL EUROPE.....	84,059	143,350	129,143	236,986	+71	+84
LATIN AMERICA.....	21,435	10,433	46,723	25,307	-51	-45
BERMUDA AND CARIBBEAN.....	82,345	46,589	116,721	91,840	-43	-21
HONG KONG.....	4,132	5,942	17,354	12,445	+44	+23
JAPAN.....	19,349	9,119	36,067	42,932	-53	+19
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	11,064	15,713	48,255	26,091	+42	+45
WORLD TOTAL.....	580,057	430,345	1,071,688	912,905	-26	-15

HORTICULTURAL AND TROPICAL PRODUCTS DIVISION, FAS/USDA

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